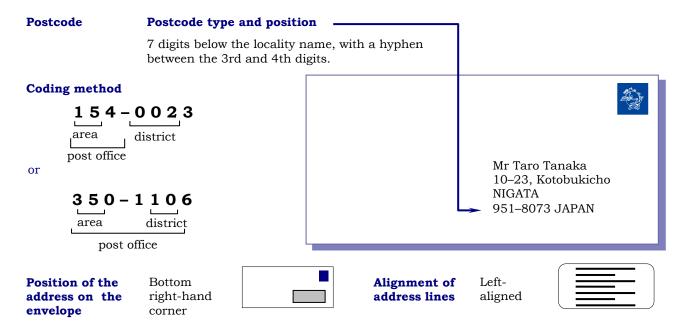
Japan



Address format

In Japan, the address is generally written on a single line, beginning with the largest geographical area and ending with the smallest one. Also, street names are not used in the addresses. In the Roman alphabet, this would be transcribed as follows:

JAPAN 112-0001 TOKYO Bunkyo-Ku Hakusan 4-Chome 3-2

However, automatic sorting equipment used by the Japanese Post is only able to sort items on which the address is in kanji, hiragana or katakana characters. Items whose address is in Roman script are sorted manually. Addresses may therefore also be laid out as they are in the West, from the smallest geographical area at the top to the largest at the bottom:

4-3-2, Hakusan Bunkyo-ku, TOKYO 112-0001 JAPAN

The largest geographical subdivision is the prefecture: there are 47 in Japan. Prefecture names end in –ken, except for Tokyo–to, Kyoto–fu, Osaka–fu and Hokkaido.

Prefectures are divided into large towns (-shi) and rural areas (-gun). These large towns and rural areas are themselves divided into -machi, -cho or -son (villages, only in rural areas). In very large cities there may be an additional subdivision (-ku) between -shi and -machi/-cho.

-machi and -cho are divided into zones (-chome), which are themselves divided into blocks (-ban), which are in turn divided into houses (-go). Houses are therefore not numbered sequentially along a street, but rather within a block. There may be several houses with the same number within a block, in which case an apartment number should be added to identify the correct building.

Japan (cont.)

Address format (cont.)

Most businesses operating internationally are called corporations or Kaisha in Japanese, and most often Kabushiki Kaisha, shortened to K.K. The name of a company will often be translated partially or fully. So, for example, Aoba Trading Co. Ltd is the same company as Aoba Boeki K.K. and Electric Power Development Co. Ltd will certainly be a translation rather than the legal name of the company in question.

Large buildings generally have names ending in the suffix –biru, but Building or Bldg is frequently used.

Examples

Rural zone:

Mr Taro Tanaka 2338 Magatake Zaou-machi Katta-gun, MIYAGI 989–0851 JAPAN

(2338 is the building number)

In towns:

The address generally contains all the successive subdivisions of a zone, including the prefecture:

Mr Taro Tanaka 10–23, Mitsugi 1–chome Musashi-Murayama-shi, TOKYO 231–0012 JAPAN

The prefecture may be omitted in the following two cases: when it is one of the 20 principal cities of the country (Chiba, Fukuoka, Hamamatsu, Hiroshima, Kawasaki, Kitakyushu, Kobe, Kumamoto, Kyoto, Nagoya, Niigata, Okayama, Osaka, Sagamihara, Sakai, Sapporo, Saitama, Sendai, Shizuoka, Yokohama):

Mr Taro Tanaka 2–17–10, Aioicho Naka-ku, YOKOHAMA 231–0012 JAPAN

(2–17–10 means 2–chome 17–ban 10–go; the order is important; this could also be written 17–10 2–chome; in some cases, an apartment number needs to be added, which would give us 2–17–10–153 or 17–10–153 2–chome);

and when the name of the prefecture and that of the city are the same:

Mr Taro Tanaka 10–23, Kotobukicho Chuo-ku, NIIGATA 951-8073 JAPAN

(10-23 means 10-ban 23-go; the order is important)

Japan (cont.)

Glossary Ken	=	suffix indicating a prefecture (except prefectures
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of Tokyo, Osaka, Kyoto and Hokkaido)

То suffix used for Tokyo prefecture

suffix used for Osaka and Kyoto prefectures Fu

Shi suffix indicating a large town

suffix indicating the rural part of a prefecture Gun suffix indicating a district of a large town Ku

suffix indicating a small town Machi suffix indicating a neighbourhood Cho

Chome suffix indicating an area of a neighbourhood

Ban suffix indicating a block

suffix indicating a building number Go

Kita north Minami south Nishi west Higashi east Chuo centre

Aichi-ken

List of prefectures

Kagawa-ken Akita-ken Kagoshima-ken Aomori-ken Kanagawa-ken Kochi-ken Chiba-ken Ehime-ken Kumamoto-ken Fukui-ken Kyoto-fu Fukuoka-ken Mie-ken Fukushima-ken Miyagi-ken Gifu-ken Miyazaki-ken Gunma-ken Nagano-ken Hiroshima-ken Nagasaki-ken Hokkaido Nara-ken Hyogo-ken Niigata-ken Ibaragi-ken Oita-ken Ishikawa-ken Okayama-ken Okinawa-ken Iwate-ken

Osaka-fu Saga-ken Saitama-ken Shiga-ken Shimane-ken Shizuoka-ken Tochigi-ken Tokushima-ken Tokyo-to Tottori-ken Toyama-ken Wakayama-ken Yamagata-ken Yamaguchi-ken

Yamanashi-ken

Contact

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